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• Keys generation in companies - centralized v/s decentralized manner.

- Centralized infrastructure Keys are generated and stored on a central server, and keys are transmitted to individual systems as needed.
  - Workstations may not have processing power to produce keys
  - Easier backups and recovery procedures
- **Decentralized infrastructure** Software on individual computers generates and stores cryptographic keys.
  - Avoids the difficulty of secure key distribution
  - Avoids single point of failure
  - Better to generate end-user keys on a local machine to eliminate doubt about who did the work and "owns" the keys

## Centralized Drawbacks • Keys generated on a server must be securely transmitted to the clients. The server that stores the keys needs to be available and provide single point of failure. • It must have fault tolerance or redundancy mechanism. All keys are in one place, which is a prime target for an attacker. If the central key server is compromised, the whole environment is compromised. Some applications create their own public/private key pairs and do not allow other keys to be imported and used. • If a public/private key pair is being generated for digital signatures, and if the company wants to ensure that it can be used to provide true authenticity and nonrepudiation, the keys should not be generated at a centralized server.













































